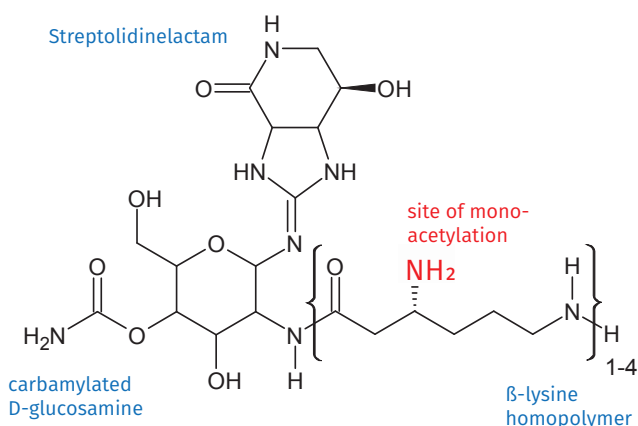


Nourseothricin (also known as clonNAT) is the prime selection antibiotic for recombinant organisms.



**Figure 1**

General structure of Nourseothricin, which is a natural mixture of Streptothricins C, D, E and F containing 1, 2, 3 or 4 β-lysine residues, respectively. The resistance protein acetylates the Nourseothricin amino group (red), resulting in its inactivation.

- Preferred selection antibiotic for genetically modified
  - Mammalian cells
  - Yeast and filamentous fungi
  - Protozoa and microalgae
  - Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria
  - Cyanobacteria
  - Plants ... and many more
- Long-term stable as powder (10 years) and solution (2 years)
- Highly soluble in water (1g/ml)
- Low or no background: Resistance protein is localized intracellularly and cannot be degraded in the cell culture medium
- No cross-reactivity with other antibiotics

**Nourseothricin is now available at reduced bulk prices**

	Cat-No.	Size	Price [EUR/ml] or [EUR/g]	Price [EUR]
<b>Stock Solution, sterile, ready-to-use, 100 mg/ml</b>	AB-101S	1 ml	40	40
	AB-101L	5 ml	32	160
	AB-101-10ML	10 ml	30	300
	AB-101-50ML	50 ml	24	1.200
<b>Powder</b>	<b>AB-102L</b>	<b>1 g</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>171</b>
	<b>AB-102XL</b>	<b>5 g</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>820</b>
	<b>AB-102-25G</b>	<b>25 g</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>3.620</b>
	<b>AB-102-100G</b>	<b>100 g</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>12.750</b>

**Price cut**

Category	Species/cell line	Selection concentration [µg/ml]
<b>Mammalian cells</b>	HMEC	>50
	HEK293T	>50
	BT549	>50
	U2OS	>50
<b>Yeast</b>	<i>Ashbya gossypii</i>	50-200
	<i>Candida sp.</i>	100-450
	<i>Hansenula sp.</i>	50-100
	<i>Lipomyces starkeyi</i>	30
	<i>Pichia sp.</i>	50-200
	<i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i>	50-200
	<i>Schizosaccharomyces sp.</i>	50-100
	<i>Zygosaccharomyces sp.</i>	5-100
<b>Other Ascomycota</b>	<i>Acremonium chrysogenum</i>	25
	<i>Aspergillus sp.</i>	20-120
	<i>Cochliobolus sp.</i>	60-300
	<i>Colletotrichum sp.</i>	100-400
	<i>Cryphonectria parasitica</i>	100
	<i>Fusarium sp.</i>	25-200
	<i>Neurospora crassa</i>	20-200
	<i>Penicillium sp.</i>	40-200
	<i>Rhynchosporium commune</i>	4
<b>Basidiomycota</b>	<i>Cryptococcus sp.</i>	100-200
	<i>Rhodospidium kratochvilovae</i>	200
	<i>Schizophyllum commune</i>	8-20
	<i>Ustilago maydis</i>	75-150
	<i>Xanthophyllomyces dendrorhous</i>	30
<b>Protozoa</b>	<i>Crithidia bombi</i>	200
	<i>Leptomonas seymouri</i>	250
	<i>Leishmania sp.</i>	25-125
	<i>Phytomonas serpens</i>	100
	<i>Plasmodium falciparum</i>	>150
	<i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>	500
	<i>Trypanosoma sp.</i>	1-200
<b>Microalgae</b>	<i>Amphora coffeaeformis</i>	300
	<i>Chaetoceros sp.</i>	100-500
	<i>Ostreococcus tauri</i>	1500
	<i>Phaeodactylum tricornutum</i>	50-250
<b>Gram-negative bacteria</b>	<i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i>	100
	<i>Escherichia coli</i>	50
	<i>Francisella tularensis</i>	50
	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	100
<b>Gram-positive bacteria</b>	<i>Bacillus subtilis</i>	50
	<i>Enterococcus faecium</i>	500
	<i>Mycobacterium smegmatis</i>	25
	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	50
<b>Streptomycetes</b>	<i>Streptomyces lividans</i>	100
<b>Cyanobacteria</b>	<i>Synechocystis sp. PCC 6803</i>	50
<b>Plants</b>	<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	50-200
	<i>Daucus carota</i>	100
	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	50
	<i>Nicotiana tabacum</i>	100
	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	200

Nourseothricin is applicable to more than 100 organisms & cell lines

Find more organisms and cell lines online

